

User Manual z box-p liquid cooling container



P 3400-2H

Product Model: P3440L2H-B Dedicated to Being a Global Force in Transforming Energy Structures



IMPORTANT NOTICE

CAUTION

READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE PERFORMING ANY INSTALLATION ACTION!

IF YOU HAVE ANY UNCERTAINTY REGARDING THE CONTENT OF THIS MANUAL, PLEASE CONTACT ZOE FORADVICE OR CLARIFICATION.

IMPORTANT

KEEP THIS MANUAL IN A SECURE PLACE FOR FUTURE REFERENCES!

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1 ACRONYMS AND DEFINITIONS

1	AC	Alternating Current	
2	Ah	Amp-hour	
3	BCP	Battery Connection Panel	
4	BESS	Battery Energy Storage System	
5	BMS	Battery Management System	
6	BOL	Beginning of Life	
7	BOP	Balance of Plant	
8	BOS	Balance of System	
9	BSPU	Battery Safety and Protection Unit	
10	EMS	Energy Management System	
11	EOL	End of Life	
12	ESS	Energy Storage System	
13	DC	Direct Current	
14	FSS	Fire Suppression System	
15	HMI	Human Machine Interface	
16	ΗV	High Voltage	
17	HVAC	Heating & Ventilation and HVAC	
18	IP	Ingress Protection	
19	kV	Kilovolt	
20	kW	Kilowatt	
21			
	MV	Medium Voltage	
22	MV MW	Medium Voltage Megawatt	
22 23	MV MW MWh	Medium Voltage Megawatt Megawatt-hour	
22 23 24	MV MW MWh MVA	Medium Voltage Megawatt Megawatt-hour Mega Volt-Amps	
22 23 24 25	MV MW MWh MVA MVAr	Medium Voltage Megawatt Megawatt-hour Mega Volt-Amps Mega Volt Amps (reactive)	
22 23 24 25 26	MV MWh MVA MVAr NMC	Medium Voltage Megawatt Megawatt-hour Mega Volt-Amps Mega Volt Amps (reactive) NiMnCo	
22 23 24 25 26 27	MV MWh MVA MVAr NMC OSD	Medium Voltage Megawatt Megawatt-hour Mega Volt-Amps Mega Volt Amps (reactive) NiMnCo Overcharge Safety Device	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	MV MWh MVA MVAr NMC OSD O&M	Medium Voltage Megawatt Megawatt-hour Mega Volt-Amps Mega Volt Amps (reactive) NiMnCo Overcharge Safety Device Operation and Maintenance	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	MV MWh MVA MVAr NMC OSD O&M PCS	Medium Voltage Megawatt Megawatt-hour Mega Volt-Amps Mega Volt Amps (reactive) NiMnCo Overcharge Safety Device Operation and Maintenance Power Conversion System	



- 31 PPE Personal Protective Equipment
- 32 RMU Ring Main Unit
- 33 RTU Remote Terminal Unit
- 34 SCADA Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
- 35 SOC State of Charge
- 36 SOH State of Health
- 37 SPDs Surge Protection Devices
- 38 ZOE Shanghai ZOE Energy Storage Technology Co., Ltd.
- 39 TCP Transmission Control Protocol
- 40 UPS Uninterruptable Power Supply



2 ABOUT THIS MANUAL

2.1 APPLICABLE PRODUCT

This document mainly describes the installation, electrical connection, debugging, maintenance and troubleshooting methods of the following models of battery containers ("Product").



Before installing or using the product, read this document carefully to obtain the safety information and be familiar with the functions and features of the product. If you have any questions about the contents of this manual, please contact ZOE for advice or clarification.



Figure 2-1: Rendering of the Product

2.2 TARGET GROUP

This manual is intended for:







2.3 LEVELS OF SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

To ensure personal and property safety in using the system or to use the system efficiently, this manual provides relevant instructions that are highlighted by corresponding symbols. Read the following symbols carefully, as they indicate levels of safety warnings and are used everywhere in this manual.

To ensure the safety of personnel and property, please carefully read all safety instructions in this document before the installation.





WARNING

INDICATES A HAZARDOUS SITUATION THAT, IF NOT AVOIDED, COULD

CAUTION

INDICATES A HAZARDOUS SITUATION THAT, IF NOT AVOIDED, COULD RESULT IN MINOR INJURY OR DAMAGE TO THE EQUIPMENT.



IMPORTANT

INFORMATION WHICH CONSIDERED IMPORTANT BUT NOT HAZARD-RELATED. FAIL TO FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTION WITH THIS SYMBOL MAY **RESULT IN EQUIPMENT DAMAGE!**



IMPORTANT

INDICATES AN IMPORTANT STEP OR TIP THAT LEADS TO BEST RESULTS, BUT IS NOT SAFETY OR DAMAGE RELATED.



2.4 SYMBOLS ON THE PRODUCT



HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE, RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR BURN. AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY.



OPEN THE DOOR.



CLOSE THE DOOR.



GROUNDING.



DANGER, BE CAREFUL WHEN HANDLING THE BATTERIES.



RECHARGEABLE BATTERIES, CANNOT DISPOSE OF IN THE HOUSEHOLD WASTE.



DO NOT DAMAGE THE BATTERIES IN SUCH A WAY AS DROP, DEFORM, IMPACT, CUT, OR SPEARING OBJECT.





NO SMOKING, NO OPEN FLAME, EMBERS, OR SPARKS NEARBY THE BATTERY, TO AVOID RISK OF FIRE OR EXPLOSION.



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF YOUNG CHILDREN PETS, OR ANIMALS.



HEAVYWEIGHT, SINGLE-PERSON LIFT COULD CAUSE INJURY. USE ASSISTANCE WHEN MOVING OR LIFTING.



ELECTROLYTE IS HIGHLY CORROSIVE.



METAL PARTS OF THE BATTERY CELL ARE ALWAYS LIVE. NEVER PLACE FOREIGN OBJECTS OR TOOLS ON THE BATTERY.



OBSERVE INSTALLATION AND OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS IN THE MANUALS BEFORE WORKING ON THE BATTERIES.



WEAR EYE PROTECTION AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING WHEN WORKING WITH BATTERIES. OBSERVER ACCIDENT-PREVENTION REGULATIONS.





WEAR PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND CLOTHING WHEN WORKING WITH BATTERIES.



PREPARE FIRST-AID BEFORE WORKING WITH BATTERIES.



WHEN ELECTROLYTES LEAK OUT, AVOID CONTACTING WITH EYES, SKIN, OR CLOTHES. IN EVENTS OF ACCIDENTS, FLUSH WITH WATER AND GET MEDICAL HELP IMMEDIATELY.



RECYCLABLE.



3 SAFETY GUIDELINES

WARNING

SAFETY FIRST! ALWAYS OBSERVE AND FOLLOW SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS!

3.1 GENERAL PRECAUTIONS

When installing, operating, and maintaining the equipment, read this manual and follow the labels on the equipment and all safety precautions in this manual.

The "Danger", "Warning", "Caution" and "Important" in this manual do not represent all the safety precautions to be followed, but only serve as a supplement to the safety precautions. ZOE is not responsible for any breach of safe operation requirements or safety standards for design, manufacture, and use of the equipment.

The product should be used in an environment that meets the design requirements. Otherwise, the equipment may fail, and the resulting equipment function abnormalities, component damage, personal safety accidents, and property losses are not covered by the quality guarantee.

Comply with local laws and regulations when installing, operating, and maintaining the equipment. The safety precautions in this manual only serve as a supplement to local laws and regulations.

ZOE is not responsible for any of the following circumstances:

- > Do not operate under the operating conditions described in this manual.
- The installation and operating environment dose not conform to international, state or regional standards.
- Disassemble or modify the product or modify the software code without authorization.
- Do not follow the operation instructions and safety warnings written on the product and in the manual.
- Equipment damage caused by abnormal natural environment (earthquake, fire, storm, flood, debris flow, etc.)
- > Damage caused by storage conditions that do not meet product



documentation requirements.

Hardware or data damage caused by negligence, improper operation or intentional destruction of customers.

DANGER

DO NOT INSTALL, USE, OR OPERATE OUTDOOR DEVICES AND CABLES (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO HANDLING DEVICES, OPERATING DEVICES AND CABLES, PLUGGING AND UNPLUGGING SIGNAL PORTS CONNECTED TO THE OUTDOORS, WORKING AT HEIGHTS, AND OUTDOOR INSTALLATION) IN SEVERE WEATHER SUCH AS LIGHTNING, RAIN, SNOW, STRONG BREEZE OR WIND OF HIGHER FORCE ON BEAUFORT WIND SCALE.



DANGER

OBSERVE THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS MANUAL, USE THE CORRECT TOOLS, AND MASTER THE CORRECT METHODS OF USING THE TOOLS.



DANGER

MEASURE THE VOLTAGE AT THE CONTACT POINT BEFORE TOUCHING ANY CONDUCTOR SURFACE OR TERMINAL TO ENSURE THAT THERE IS NO DANGER OF ELECTRIC SHOCK.



PAINT SCRATCH IN THE PROCESS OF EQUIPMENT TRANSPORTATION AND INSTALLATION MUST BE REPAIRED IN TIME, AND IT IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN TO EXPOSE THE SCRATCHED PART TO THE OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT FOR A LONG TIME.



DANGER

DO NOT CHANGE THE STRUCTURE, INSTALLATION ORDER, ETC. OF THE EQUIPMENT WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION AND PERMISSION UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES



DANGER

IN CASE OF FIRE, EVACUATE THE BUILDING OR EQUIPMENT AREA AND PRESS THE FIRE BELL OR CALL THE FIRE ALARM. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD YOU RE-ENTER THE BURNING BUILDING.





DANGER

PLEASE BE AWARE THAT THE BATTERIES PRESENT A RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK INCLUDING A HUGE SHORT-CIRCUIT CURRENT.

DANGER

ARC FLASH HAZARD IS ASSOCIATED WITH BATTERIES. THERE IS A SERIOUS RISK OF ARC FLASH RELATING TO ANY EQUIPMENT MODIFICATION. SERIOUS INJURIES CAN OCCUR IN ARC FLASH INCIDENTS.



WARNING

FIRE MAY OCCUR UNDER CERTAIN FAULT CONDITIONS.



WARNING

REMOVE WATCHES, RINGS, OR OTHER METAL OBJECTS.

WEAR PROPER PPE IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL CODES AND REGULATIONS.

WARNING

USE TOOLS WITH INSULATED HANDLES TO AVOID ACCIDENTAL SHORT-CIRCUIT.

DO NOT PUT TOOLS OR ANY METAL PARTS ON THE TOP OF THE BATTERIES.



WARNING

DO NOT OPEN OR VANDALIZE THE BATTERIES.



WARNING

BATTERIES SHALL BE DISPOSED OF ACCORDING TO THE ZOE RECYCLING POLICY, DISPOSE OF THE BATTERIES IN A FIRE COULD CAUSE AN EXPLOSION.





WARNING

SHARP POINTS AND PINCH POINTS ARE PRESENT ON MOST SYSTEM COMPONENTS. BE AWARE OF THE SERIOUS RISK OF INJURY WHILE WORKING AROUND EQUIPMENT BATTERIES.

CAUTION

COMPONENTS IN THE BATTERY SYSTEM CAN BE DAMAGED BY ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE. BE SURE TO WEAR A GROUNDED ANTI-STATIC WRIST STRAP AND TO DISCHARGE STATIC ELECTRICITY BY TOUCHING A GROUNDED SURFACE NEAR THE EQUIPMENT BEFORE YOU TOUCH ANY SYSTEM COMPONENTS.



CAUTION

DAMAGE, MISHANDLING, OR EXPOSURE TO CONDITIONS BEYOND THOSE RECOMMENDED BY ZOE COULD RESULT IN LEAKAGE OF FLAMMABLE GAS, WITH CONSEQUENT HAZARDOUS SITUATIONS ARISING.



CAUTION

WHEN CARRYING OUT TRANSPORTATION, TURNOVER, INSTALLATION, WIRING AND MAINTENANCE AND OTHER OPERATIONS, IT MUST MEET THE LAWS AND REGULATIONS AND RELEVANT STANDARDS OF THE COUNTRY OR REGION WHERE IT IS LOCATED.



CAUTION

IT IS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN THE PERMISSION OF THE POWER DEPARTMENT OF THE COUNTRY OR REGION WHERE IT IS LOCATED TO WORK ON THE GRID.



CAUTION

BE FAMILIAR WITH THE COMPOSITION OF THE ENTIRE ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM, WORKING PRINCIPLE, AND THE RELEVANT STANDARDS OF THE COUNTRY/REGION WHERE THE PROJECT IS LOCATED.



IMPORTANT



REVERSE ENGINEERING, DECOMPILING, DISASSEMBLING, ADAPTING, IMPLANTING OR OTHER DERIVATIVE OPERATIONS ON THE DEVICE SOFTWARE ARE PROHIBITED. RESEARCH ON THE INTERNAL IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DEVICE, OBTAINING THE SOURCE CODE OF THE DEVICE SOFTWARE, STEALING INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY, ETC., AND DISCLOSURE OF THE PERFORMANCE TEST RESULTS OF ANY DEVICE SOFTWARE ARE PROHIBITED.

3.2 PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS

- Personnel responsible for the installation and maintenance of ZOE equipment must be trained to understand safety precautions and correct operation methods.
- Only qualified professionals or trained personnel are allowed to install, operate, and maintain the equipment.
- Only qualified professionals are allowed to remove safety facilities and repair equipment.
- Personnel who operate the equipment, including operators, trained personnel, and professionals, must have local and state-required special operation qualifications, such as high voltage operation, height climbing, and special equipment operation qualifications.
- Replace equipment or components (including software) only by professionals or authorized personnel.

CAUTION PROFESSIONAL PERSONNEL: PERSONNEL WITH TRAINING OR EXPERIENCE IN OPERATING DEVICES AND KNOW THE POTENTIAL SOURCES AND LEVELS OF HAZARDS DURING DEVICE INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE. TRAINED PERSONNEL: PERSONNEL WITH APPROPRIATE TECHNICAL TRAINING AND NECESSARY EXPERIENCE. BEING AWARE OF THE DANGER THAT MAY BE POSED TO HIM WHILE PERFORMING AN OPERATION AND MINIMIZE THE RISK TO HIMSELF OR OTHER PERSONNEL. OPERATION AND MINIMIZE THE RISK TO HIMSELF OR OTHER PERSONNEL. OPERATING PERSONNEL: OTHER THAN TRAINED PERSONNEL AND PROFESSIONAL PERSONNEL WHO MAY COME INTO CONTACT WITH THE EQUIPMENT.



3.3 ELECTRICAL SAFETY

3.3.1 GROUNDING REQUIREMENTS

- > When installing a device that needs to be grounded, install the protective grounding cable first. When removing a device, remove the protective grounding cable at the end.
- > Do not damage the grounding conductor.
- \succ Do not operate the device without a grounding conductor installed.
- The device should be permanently connected to protective ground. Before operating the device, check the electrical connections of the device to ensure that the device is reliably grounded.

3.3.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



- > All electrical connections must meet national/regional electrical standards.
- You must obtain permission from the electricity authority of the country/region to connect to the grid.
- Cables prepared by customers must meet local laws and regulations.
- > When performing high voltage operations, use special insulation tools.

3.3.3 DC OPERATION



WARNING DO NOT INSTALL OR REMOVE POWER CABLES WHEN POWER IS ON. TRANSIENT CONTACT BETWEEN THE CORE OF A POWER CABLE AND THE CONDUCTOR GENERATES ELECTRIC ARCS OR SPARKS, WHICH MAY CAUSE FIRE OR PERSONAL INJURY.

Before electrical connection of the device, if live parts may be encountered, disconnect the corresponding disconnecting device at the front stage of the device.



- Before connecting a power cable, ensure that the label on the power cable is correct.
- If the device has multiple inputs, disconnect all inputs and perform operations on the device only after the device is completely powered off.

3.3.4 WIRING REQUIREMENTS

- The insulation layer may be aged or damaged if cables are used in a high temperature environment. Keep at least 50mm away from the heating device or heat source area.
- Cables of the same type must be bound together. Cables of different types must be routed at least 30mm apart. Do not intertwine or cross cables.
- Cables must be securely connected, properly insulated, and of appropriate specifications.
- \succ Protect the pipe or cable holes from sharp edges and burrs.

3.3.5 ANTI-STATIC REQUIREMENTS



CAUTION THE STATIC ELECTRICITY GENERATED BY HUMAN BODIES MAY DAMAGE THE ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE COMPONENTS ON BOARDS, SUCH AS THE LARGE-SCALE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT (LSI).

WEAR ESD GLOVES WHEN TOUCHING THE PCB BOARD. DO NOT WEAR CLOTHES PRONE TO STATIC ELECTRICITY.

3.4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

3.4.1 HAZARD AND TOXICITY INSTRUCTIONS



DANGER

HAZARD: CONTACT OF BATTERY MODULE TERMINALS WITH OTHER METALS MAY CAUSE HEAT OR ELECTROLYTE LEAKAGE. ELECTROLYTE IS FLAMMABLE, AND IF THE ELECTROLYTE LEAKS, REMOVE THE BATTERY MODULE FROM THE FIRE IMMEDIATELY.





DANGER

TOXICITY: STEAM FROM BURNING BATTERIES MAY IRRITATE EYES, SKIN AND THROAT.

3.4.2 FIRST-AID MEASURES FOR BATTERY ABNORMALITIES



WHEN THERE IS ELECTROLYTE LEAKAGE OR ABNORMAL SMELL, AVOID CONTACT WITH THE LEAKING LIQUID OR GAS. NON- PROFESSIONALS SHOULD KEEP AWAY AND CONTACT PROFESSIONALS IMMEDIATELY. PROFESSIONALS SHOULD WEAR SAFETY GOGGLES, RUBBER GLOVES, GAS MASKS, AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING TO PROTECT THEMSELVES FROM ELECTROLYTE OVERFLOW.

DANGER

DANGER

ELECTROLYTE IS CORROSIVE AND CONTACT MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION AND CHEMICAL BURNS. IF YOU COME IN CONTACT WITH BATTERY ELECTROLYTE, TAKE THE FOLLOWING MEASURES:

1.INHALATION: IMMEDIATELY EVACUATE THE CONTAMINATED AREA AND SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

2.EYE CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY RINSE EYES WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES AND SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

3.CONTACT WITH SKIN: WASH THE CONTACTED AREA: THOROUGHLY WITH SOAP AND WATER AND SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

4.INGESTION: INDUCE VOMITING AND SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

3.4.3 FIRST-AID MEASURES FOR FIRE

DANGER

IF A FIRE OCCURS DURING THE CHARGING OF THE BATTERIES, ISOLATE THE CHARGER FROM ITS POWER SUPPLY BY TURNING OFF THE POWER SWITCH AT THE INVERTER/PCS OR PUSHING THE E-STOP BUTTON ON THE SYSTEM ENCLOSURE.

PUSH THE MANUAL RELEASING BUTTON ON THE SYSTEM ENCLOSURE IF THE AUTOMATIC FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM IS NOT ACTIVATED BY ITSELF.





DANGER

USE AEROSOL TO EXTINGUISH THE FIRE.



DANGER

FIREFIGHTERS NEED TO AVOID CONTACT WITH HIGH-VOLTAGE COMPONENTS DURING EXTINGUISHING, OR IT MAY RESULT IN THE RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK.



DANGER

WHEN THE BATTERY TEMPERATURE IS TOO HIGH. IT MAY CAUSE BATTERY DEFORMATION, DAMAGE, ELECTROLYTE OVERFLOW, AND TOXIC GAS LEAKAGE. WEAR PROTECTIVE RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT AND KEEP AWAY FROM THE BATTERY TO AVOID SKIN IRRITATION AND CHEMICAL BURNS.

3.4.4 FIRST-AID MEASURES FOR BATTERY DROP



DANGER

WHEN INSTALLING THE BATTERY, IF THE BATTERY DROPS OR SUFFERS A STRONG IMPACT, IT MAY CAUSE INTERNAL DAMAGE TO THE DEVICE. DO NOT CONTINUE TO USE THE BATTERY, OTHERWISE THERE MAY BE SAFETY RISKS (CELL LEAKAGE, ELECTRIC SHOCK, ETC.).



DANGER

AFTER THE BATTERY DROPS, IF THERE IS OBVIOUS ODOR, DAMAGE, SMOKE, FIRE, ETC., EVACUATE PERSONNEL IMMEDIATELY, CALL THE POLICE IN TIME, AND CONTACT PROFESSIONALS WHO WILL USE FIRE-FIGHTING EQUIPMENT TO EXTINGUISH THE FIRE WHILE ENSURING SAFETY.



AFTER THE BATTERY DROPS, IF THERE IS NO OBVIOUS ODOR, DAMAGE, SMOKE OR FIRE CONTACT PROFESSIONALS TO TRANSFER THE BATTERY TO AN OPEN AND SAFE PLACE OR CONTACT A RECYCLING COMPANY FOR SCRAPPING.



3.5 BATTERY RECYCLING TREATMENT



CAUTION

DISPOSE OF USED BATTERY ACCORDING TO LOCAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS. DO NOT DISPOSE OF BATTERY AS HOUSEHOLD GARBAGE. IMPROPER DISPOSAL OF BATTERY MAY LEAD TO ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION.



CAUTION

IF THE BATTERY CELL LEAKS OR IS DAMAGED, CONTACT TECHNICAL SUPPORT OR A BATTERY RECYCLING COMPANY FOR DISPOSAL.



CAUTION

WHEN BATTERIES ARE OUT OF SERVICE LIFE, CONTACT A BATTERY RECYCLING COMPANY FOR SCRAPPING.



CAUTION

AVOID EXPOSING USED BATTERIES TO HIGH TEMPERATURES OR DIRECT SUNLIGHT.



CAUTION

AVOID EXPOSING USED BATTERY TO HIGH HUMIDITY OR CORROSIVE ENVIRONMENTS.

3.6 STORAGE REQUIREMENTS



IMPORTANT

DURING THE STORAGE PERIOD, RECORDS SHALL BE MADE ACCORDING TO THE STORAGE REQUIREMENTS OF THE PRODUCT IN THIS MANUAL, SUCH AS TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY, STORAGE ENVIRONMENT, ETC.



IMPORTANT

LONG-TERM STORAGE OF BATTERIES IS NOT RECOMMENDED. LONG-TERM STORAGE OF LITHIUM BATTERY WILL CAUSE CAPACITY LOSS. AFTER STORAGE AT THE RECOMMENDED STORAGE TEMPERATURE FOR 12 MONTHS, THE IRREVERSIBLE CAPACITY LOSS OF LITHIUM BATTERIES GENERALLY 3% TO 10%.



IMPORTANT

THE STORAGE ENVIRONMENT MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF LOCAL LAWS AND STANDARDS.



IMPORTANT

AFTER THE EXPIRATION DATE, THE STORAGE SYSTEM MUST BE INSPECTED AND TESTED BY PROFESSIONAL PERSONNEL BEFORE IT CAN BE PUT INTO USE.



IMPORTANT

WHEN STORING BATTERIES, PLACE THEM CORRECTLY ACCORDING TO THE LABEL ON THE PACKING CASE. DO NOT PUT THEM UPSIDE DOWN OR ON THE SIDE.



IMPORTANT

WHEN STACKING BATTERY PACKING CASES, COMPLY WITH THE PACKING REQUIREMENTS ON THE OUTER PACKAGING.



HANDLE THE BATTERIES WITH CARE. DO NOT DAMAGE THE BATTERY.

Storage environment requirements:

> Ambient temperature: -30 °C to 60 °C Recommended storage temperature:



20 °C to 30 °C

- Relative humidity: 5%RH to 80%RH.
- Store in a dry, clean and well-ventilated place, and prevent dust and water vapor from eroding. Do not suffer from rain or ground water erosion.
- > Avoid contact with corrosive organic solvents, gases and other substances.
- > Avoid direct sunlight.

3.7 HANDLING GUIDELINES



THIS PRODUCT HAS PASSED THE CERTIFICATION OF UN38.3 (UN38.3: SECTION 38.3 OF THE SIXTH REVISED EDITION OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS ON THE TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS: MANUAL OF TESTS AND CRITERIA) AND SN/T 0370.2-2009 RULES FOR INSPECTION OF PACKAGING FOR EXPORT DANGEROUS GOODS-PART 2: PERFORMANCE TEST" AND BELONGS TO CLASS 9-MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS GOODS.

CAUTION

HANDLING REQUIREMENTS:

The energy storage system must be handled according to local laws, regulations, and industry standards. Rough handling may cause short circuit or damage to batteries in the container, which may result in battery leakage, rupture, explosion, or fire.



IMPORTANT

DO NOT EXPOSE BATTERY MODULES TO TEMPERATURES ABOVE 50°C. THE OPTIMAL TEMPERATURE RANGE IS 23±5 ° C. EXPOSURE TO AN ENVIRONMENT BEYOND THIS RANGE CAN ACCELERATE BATTERY CAPACITY DEGRADATION.

WARNING



BE AWARE OF THE HEAVYWEIGHT OF BATTERY MODULES AND THE RISK OF A DROP.

THE BATTERY MODULE NEEDS TO BE REPLACED IF SUFFERED A DROP. POTENTIAL INTERNAL DAMAGE MAY CAUSE AN SERIOUS FIRE INCIDENT EVEN THERE IS NO SERIOUS VISUAL EXTERNAL DAMAGE ON THE BATTERY MODULE.

Battery modules must be handled carefully and any exposure to shock or excessive



mechanical load could cause significant damage. In the event of a module being dropped during handling, storage, or installation, the battery module shall be returned to the ZOE service center for inspection.



WARNING

DO NOT USE THE BATTERY MODULE IF ANY PART OF ITS HOUSING OR CONNECTORS EXHIBITS PHYSICAL DAMAGE.

- Do not place battery modules on flammable construction materials, in areas where highly inflammable materials are stored, in potentially explosive environments, or high humid environments.
- Do not stack any objects on the battery module.
- Any mishandling of the battery module including dropping, deforming, impacting, cutting, or penetrating is likely to damage the unit and might cause a fire.
- Always ensure the battery is maintained with its top surface facing upwards. Do not place the module upside-down.

SHIPMENT CONDITIONS:

Before shipment, check that the battery should be intact and not appear obvious odor, smoke, fire and other phenomena, otherwise the shipment is prohibited.



PRODUCTS WHICH MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF VEHICLE, SHIP AND OTHER TRANSPORTATION CAN BE DELIVERED DIRECTLY TO THE SITE, TRANSPORTATION PACKING BOXES MUST BE FIRM. HANDLE WITH CARE AND TAKE MOISTURE-PROOF MEASURES. SUBJECT TO EXTERNAL ENVIRONMENT (SUCH AS TEMPERATURE, TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, ETC.), THE PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO THE MANUFACTURE DATE.

TRANSPORTATION PROCESS REQUIREMENTS:

- Maritime transport in accordance with IMDG CODE.
- ► Land transport in accordance with ADR or JT T617.
- > Meet the regulatory requirements of the transport regulatory authorities in the countries of origin, route and destination.



> Comply with international regulations for the transport of dangerous goods and the regulatory requirements of the corresponding national transport regulatory authorities.

THINGS SHOULD BE PROHIBITED DURING HANDLING OR TRANSPORTATION:

- > Direct rain, snow or falling into water.
- \succ Fall or mechanical impact.
- \succ Invert or tilt.



IMPORTANT

IF ANY OF THE PRECEDING EXCEPTIONS OCCURS, HANDLE THEM ACCORDING TO FIRST-AID MEASURES.

3.8 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Please be aware that a battery can pose a risk of electrical shock including a high shortcircuit current. Follow all safety precautions while operating the batteries. During the installation or maintenance of the battery system, a worker shall wear proper PPE such as eye protection, high visibility clothing, protective gloves, and protective footwear. Insulation gloves with over 1500VDC ratings are needed when connecting the busbars and jumpers between modules and racks.



EYE PROTECTION HIGH VISIBILITY CLOTHING PROTECTIVE GLOVES





PROTECTIVE FOOTWEAR

Figure 3-1: Safe gear for installation

- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment when operating the device. If a fault is found that may cause personal injury or device damage, terminate the operation immediately, report the fault to the person in charge, and take effective protective measures.
- Before using the tools, master the proper use of the tools to avoid injury and damage to the device.
- Do not touch the device when it is operating because the case is at a high temperature, which may cause burns.
- > To ensure personal safety and normal use, ensure reliable grounding before use.
- Avoid contact with a faulty battery when the temperature may exceed the burn threshold for touchable surfaces.
- Do not open or damage the battery. The electrolyte released is harmful to skin and eyes. Avoid contact with it.
- Do not place irrelevant items on the top of the device or insert them anywhere of the device.
- > Do not place combustible materials around the device.
- Do not place the battery in the fire to avoid explosions which may bring danger in personal safety.
- \succ Do not place the battery module in water or other liquids.
- > Do not short-circuit battery terminals. Short-circuited batteries may cause combustion.
- The battery may cause shock and a large short-circuit current hazard. When using batteries, pay attention to the following precautions:
 -) Use tools with insulated handles.
 - b) Put on rubber gloves and boots.



c) Do not place tools or metal parts on the top of the battery.

d) Disconnect the charging power supply before connecting or disconnecting the battery terminals.

e) Check whether the battery is accidentally grounded. If so, remove the power supply from the ground.

Do not use water or detergent to clean electrical components inside or outside the container.

 \succ Do not stand, lean or sit on the device.

 \triangleright Do not damage any module of the device.



4 SYSTEM OVERVIEW

Table 4-1: Product series

4.1 SYSTEM DESIGN

4.1.1 PRODUCT SERIES

MODEL	APPLICABLE REGION	NOTE
P3440L2H-B	IEC	0.5C





Figure 4-1: Appearance Table 4-2: Introduction

NO.	ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION



А	Electric shutter	1	Inlet of fresh air outside the container	
В	Deflagration venting fan	1	Outlet of air inside the container	
С	Water fire suppression pipe coupling	1	Access customer station level water fire suppression pipe network	
D	Audio-visual alarm device	1	Audio-visual alarm is issued when the fire is triggered in the container	
Е	Air-cooled HVAC	1	Distribution bin heat dissipation, dehumidification	
F	System emergency stop button	1	Used for system emergency stop	
G	Nameplate	1	Display container parameters, date of manufacture and other information	
Н	Top corner fitting	4	Used for container lifting	
	L- bracket	6	Used for container anchoring	

4.1.3 SPECIFICATION

Table 4-3: Specification

BATTERY PARAMETERS				
Cell type 3.2V/280Ah				
Configuration	384S*10P			
Nominal capacity	3440.64 kWh			
Voltage range	1075.2~1382.4V			
	SYSTEM PARAMETERS			
Dimensions(W×D×H)	6058mm×2896mm×2438mm			
Weight	33.5±0.5T			
Operating temperature	-30~50 °C (de-rating > 45°C)			
Charge-discharge rate	0.5C(P3440L2H-B)			
Operating humidity	0~95% (non-condensing)			
Anti-corrosion grade	C4-M			
Protection grade	IP55			
Thermal method	Intelligent liquid cooling			
Fire suppression design	Water + Combustible gas detection + Ventilation fan + Aerosol (optional)			
Allowable working altitude	≤3000m			
Noise	≤80dB@1m			
Wind load	49.9m/s			
Snow load	40psf			
Seismic zone	Zone 4			



5 MAIN SYSTEM EQUIPMENT

5.1 BATTERY SYSTEM

5.1.1 BATTERY CELL

ZOE Battery storage systemsrely on advanced LFP chemistry to provide a combination of high performance, low cost, and industry-leading safety. Configurable to serve the application at hand, 3.2V 280Ah prismatic cells became ZOE's best pick for a battery storage solution. Cell specifications are as follows.

ITEM	UNIT	Specification	RENDERING
Battery Chemistry	-	LFP	
Shape	-	Prismatic	
Dimension(W×D×H)	mm	173.9×71.7×207.2	
Weight	kg	5.34±0.3	
Nominal Capacity	Ah	280	
Nominal Energy	Wh	896	
Nominal Voltage	Vdc	3.2	
Operating Voltage	Vdc	2.8~3.6	
Operating Temperature Range	°C	Charge: 0~60. Discharge: -20~60	

Table 5-1: Specification of the Battery cell

5.1.2 BATTERY MODULE

ZOE deploys modular design which allows for customized configurations, ease of maintenance, and future expansion capability. Modules are formed by configuring 48 LFP cells in a series connection. Modules are connected with a battery management system (BMU) to form a rack-mountable module assembly. Multiple module assemblies are then combined into a rack. Each rack contains rack-level BMS.

ITEM	UNIT	Specification	RENDERING
Configuration	-	1P 48S	
Key Component	-	48 cells, module BMU	
Dimension(W×H×D)	mm	1111.2×246.44×810	
Weight	kg	310	6100
Nominal Capacity	Ah	280	
Nominal Energy	kWh	43.008	1
Nominal Voltage	Vdc	153.6	
Operating Voltage	Vdc	134.4~172.8	
Maximum Power	kW	21.5	
Storage Temperature	°C	-30~60	(For reference only)
Storage Humidity	%	≤85	



5.1.3 BATTERY RACK

All wire connections are placed on the front side of the rack to allow for easy installation and maintenance.

ITEM	UNIT	SPECIFICATION	RENDERING
Configuration	-	384S*10P	
Number of Modules	EA	40	
Key Component	-	40 Modules, 5 BSPU (DC Switchgear)	
Switchgear Position	-	Тор	
Dimension(W×H×D)	mm	6,058×2,896×2,438	
Weight	Т	33.5±0.5	
Nominal Capacity	Ah	280	
Nominal Energy	kWh	3440.64	(For reference only)
Operating Voltage	V	1075.2~1382.4	
Operating Temperature Range	°C	-30~50 °C (de-rating > 45°C)	
Storage Temperature	°C	-30~60	
Operating Humidity	%	0~95% (non- condensing)	
Degree of Protection		IP55	

Table 5-3: Specification of Battery Rack

The battery safety and protection unit (BSPU) are physically located at the top of the RACKs. A RACK is consisting of 8 packs connected in series. The BSPU is consisting of an isolating switch, positive and negative independent fuses, a contactor, a detecting unit, sampling wires, BMS, a control unit, etc. The BSPU has the function of high voltage detection and precharge.

5.1.4 BATTERY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The BESS employs a sophisticated, multilevel battery management system (BMS) for system monitoring and control. Each multilevel battery management system includes:

- Module Battery management unit (BMU)
- Rack Battery Management Controlling System (RBMS)
- System-level BMS (SBMS)




Figure 5-1: SBMS interface to Ethernet Switch

The Module BMS (BMU) is designed to detect voltage and temperature and execute cell balance functions for cells. The rack BMS (RBMS) can manage all module BMS units and detect total voltage, current, and executes protection functions by switching the DC-contactor. Finally, a system-level BMS (SBMS) manages rack BMS units and communicates with PCS or EMS. The table below outlines the BMS units of the system.



Figure 5-2: Architecture of the BMS

The functionalities of each level of BMS are shown in the following table.

Table 5-4:	BMS	Functionality
	DIVIO	1 Of ICTION OF

FUNCTIONALITY		BMU	RBMS	SBMS
	Cell Voltage	\checkmark		
Measurement	Cell Temperature	\checkmark		
	Rack Voltage			



	Rack Current		
	SOC		 \checkmark
Calculation	SOH		 \checkmark
	Power Prediction		
Control	Contactor Control		
	Cell Balancing	\checkmark	
Communication	CAN2.0	\checkmark	
	RS485		\checkmark
	Ethernet		

5.2 GOLDEN SHIELD CONTROLLER

To offer one universal communication interface for battery systems with SCADA or EMS and release EMS from basic system protection, ZOE deploys a system controller as part of the BESS integration.



Figure 5-3: Rendering of Golden Shield

5.2.1 FEATURES AND FUNCTIONS

Control integration of the battery system (include battery BMS, cooling units, BCP etc.). Offer a universal interface for communication between battery systems and SCADA or EMS.

As a communication adapter, converts various communication protocols (RS-485, CAN, dry contact, etc.) of BOS devices such as BMS, PCS, HVAC, and FSS into a communication protocol of the EMS for easy integration.



Take basic system protection measures to prevent the battery and PCS from being damaged during operation.

Data logging (short period) for troubleshooting.

Remote firmware updating(pending).

5.2.2 COMMUNICATION TOPOLOGY





Figure 5-4: Communication topology with Golden Shield

5.3 THERMAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

5.3.1 COOLING CONCEPT

The liquid cooling system will be designed and installed inside the battery container.

1.Advantages of Liquid Cooling

> Higher cooling capability: compare to air cooling, liquid cooling is capable of



taking more heat away from batteries under the same condition. And liquid cooling is the best choice when thermal density is beyond the capability of air cooling.

- Better temperature uniformity: Cooling liquid has a specific heat capacity which leads to a smaller temperature rise during the cooling process. Therefore, battery cells will have a smaller temperature difference with liquid cooling.
- Lower Noise Emission: Without fans on battery modules for air cooling means no noise emission from battery modules.
- 2. Working principle of Liquid Cooling
 - Battery Cooling: Cooling liquid powered by the pump will circulate inside battery modules and take the heat from batteries. When the liquid gets out of the battery modules, it became hot liquid with the heat from batteries. The hot liquid will circle back to a heat exchanging tank.
 - Heat Exchanging: Inside the heat exchange tank, the refrigerant will vaporize from liquid state to gaseous state. During this state/phase change process, the refrigerant will absorb a huge amount of heat from the battery cooling liquid and cool down the cooling liquid.
 - AC Cooling: The rest of the system is a standard Air Conditioner which releases the heat to the environment through the phase change of the refrigerant.



Figure 5-5: Working principle of Liquid Cooling

5.3.2 HVAC INTRODUCTION

The HVAC consists of 1 set of 3kW air-cooled HVAC and 2 sets of 40kW liquid-cooled chillers.



Table 5-5: Specification of HVAC

ITEM	UNIT	SPECIFICATION	RENDERING
Make	-	ENVICOOL	
Model	-	MC30HDNC1U or equivalent	
Dimension(W×H×D)	mm	500×1,300×250	
Weight	kg	66	
Mounting Method	-	Wall-mounted	
Working Temperature Range	°C	-40 ~ +55	8
Noise Level	dB(A)	65	
IP Protection	-	IP 55	
Refrigerant	-	R410a	
RoHS Compliant	V	Yes	R. S. S. S. S.
Cooling Capacity@L27/L35 50Hz	W	3,000	
Heating Capacity @ Tu=10°C	W	1,000	
Power Consumption@L27/L35 50Hz	W	1,100	
Internal Airflow	m³/h	700	
Power Supply Range	V, Hz	220±10%, 50/60	
Max. Current	А	8.5	

ITEM	UNIT	Specification	RENDERING
Make	-	ENVICOOL or equivalent	_
Model	-	EMW400HDNC1C or equivalent	
Dimension(W×H×D)	mm	630×2,400×980	_
Weight	kg	480	
Mounting Method	-	Floor-standing	
Working Temperature Range	°C	-30 ~ +55	
Noise Level	dB(A)	75	
IP Protection	-	IP X5	
Refrigerant	-	R410a	
Secondary Refrigerant		50% Glycol Solution	
RoHS2.0 Compliant	V	Yes	
Cooling Capacity@L45/W18	kW	40	
Heating Capacity	kW	12	
Cooling Power Consumption@ L45/W18	kW	17.37	
Heating Power Consumption@ Tu=10°C	kW	14.73	
Self-circulating Model (Single Pump Operation) Power	kW	2.73	
Maximum Power Consumption	kW	17.69	_
Water Flow Rate	L/min	320@200kPa	_
Power Supply Range	V, Hz	380-480±15%∨, 3~, 50/60±3Hz	



Max. Current A	29.87
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5.3.3 HVAC INTERFACE 5.3.3.1 AIR-COOLED HVAC



- ON/OFF: ON/OFF button, which can be used to turn on/off the unit:
- 1: UP button, which is used to select the previous record/menu or increase the setting value (password only);
- I: Down button, which is used to select the next record/menu or decrease the setting value (password only);
- ←: Left button, which is used to increase the setting value or select the previous data while conducting password operation.
- →: Right button, which is used to decrease the setting value or select the next data while conducting password operation.
- > ENTER: Return button, which is used to confirm the input.
- ESC: Quit button, which is used to return to the previous page menu.

if there is no keyboard operation for consecutively 60s under any interface after startup.it will automatically return to the normal display interface.

When any button is pressed after the system is powered up, the backlight will turn on. If there is no keyboard operation for consecutively 60s, the backlight will be off.

The operation password of the unit is "0001". On the normal interface, press Enter to enter the password input interface. Press the left button and the right button to select the desired digit, press the up button and the down button to modify the digit, and press Enter to confirm the input. If the password is incorrect, an error message is displayed, and the unit Settings cannot be modified. If the password is correct, enter the main menu, you can edit



the unit Settings.

Note: The actual parameters in the menu have been set before the factory as required by the customer.



Figure 5-6: Unit menu structure diagram

5.3.3.2 LIQUID COOLING UNIT

> Introduction

The controller part of EMW air-cooled liquid cooling unit is equipped with a touch screen display to provide users with a human-computer interaction interface. Users can query, set up and monitor conveniently through the touch screen to ensure the normal operation of the chiller.

Control System Interface

Turn on the power switch to power on the unit, and enter the control system homepage after the system is initialized, as shown in the figure below.





Figure 5-7: Control system homepage interface

On the main interface, you can open/close the coolant supplement function and the air discharge function of the circulation pump. After the system is powered on, press any key and the backlit light will light up. If there is no keyboard operation after a period of time, the backlit light will dim. The meanings of icons in the control interface of the chillers are shown in the figure below.

Icon	Description	
Convorr	Switch button icon, click it to change the current working state of chiller.	
中 文 English	Language icon, click it to switch the language of the current interface to Chinese or English.	
Runing	Working status icon, which displays the current working status of chiller in the	
	form of indicator lights.	
	 Green indicates running status. 	
	· Red indicates the shutdown state.	
Alarm	Alarm icon, which indicates that the current chiller has generated alarms.	
Pump	Circulating pump icon, which indicates that the circulating pump of the chiller is working.	
Cool	Cooling icon, which indicates that the chiller is in cooling state, and the compressor is working.	
eat	Heating icon, which indicates that the chiller is in heating state, and the heater is working.	
Home	System homepage icon, click it to enter the operation homepage interface of the control system, you can view the current time, operation mode, outlet temperature, outlet pressure and interface language of the chiller.	



Figure 5-8: Control interface icons

System Start-up and Shutdown

After clicking the switch button every time, the system switches the working state of the current unit. The dialog box that pops up when the unit is start up is shown in the figure



below.



Figure 5-9: System start-up

After start-up, the status of unit changes from to "Running". On any interface, If there

is no keyboard operation for a period of time, the system will automatically return to the homepage interface. The dialog box popped up when shutting down is shown in the figure below.



Figure 5-10: System shutdown

After shutting down, the chiller will be updated from running status to shutdown status. The system supports power-off memory function. If the system is powered on after power off, the system will automatically enter the state before power off (for example, if the system was on before power off, the system will automatically start up and enter the normal display interface after power on).

Status

Click "Status" on the main interface of the control system to view the current environmental status and operation status of the unit, as shown in the figures below.





Figure 5-11: Environment Status interface

Figure 5-12: Run Status interface

5.4 FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM

5.4.1 FIRE CONTROL FLOW CHART





Figure 5-13: Fire control flow chart



Table 5-6: Device list

No.	Name	Qty	Note
1	Point type photoelectric smoke detector	2	Automatic sensitivity, meet NFPA72 requirements
2	Point type heat detector	2	Trigger threshold 135°±7.5°F
3	Audible & Visible alarm	1	
4	Combustible gas detector(CO)	2	Trigger threshold adjustable from 50 to 1000ppm
5	Combustible gas detector(H2)	2	Trigger threshold 1000ppm
6	Manual Pull Stations	1	
7	Extinguishing Abort switch	1	
8	Lead acid battery	2	Installed with gas fire control unit
9	Extinguishment Panel	1	
10	Fan control module	1	Built-in TPF13 explosion-proof fan
11	Explosion-proof exhaust fan	1	
12	Electric shutter	1	
13	Aerosol device	8	

5.4.2 FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM

When the temperature rises sufficiently, the extinguisher automatically and efficiently generates and releases an ultra-fine potassium-based aerosol with the assistance of a series of auxiliary components. The patented design, aerosol composition, and the ultra-fine particle size work together to greatly interrupt the reaction between oxygen and combustible materials, thus extinguishing the flame.

Compared to gas fire extinguishing systems, aerosol extinguishers offer higher performance while using the same weight of the agent. Aerosol extinguishers do not require pressurized vessels, pipes or other expensive components. They are virtually maintenance-free, have a service life of over ten years, and have a minimal size and weight. All of these advantages make aerosol fire extinguishers a highly cost-effective solution for fire prevention.





Figure 5-14: Aerosol automatic fire extinguisher (for reference)

5.4.3 FIRE DETECTION AND ALARM SYSTEM

For each 20-ft battery container, two smoker detectors, two temperature detectors, and two flammable gas detectors will be designed and installed.

When one of the smoker or temperature or flammable gas detector alarms, the alarm bell will alarm. When both smoker and temperature detectors alarm, the sound & light alarm will alarm and the fire suppression system will discharge simultaneously.



Figure 5-15: Smoker and Temperature Detector (for reference only)





Figure 5-16: Flammable Gas Detector (for reference only)

5.4.4 WATER SPRINKLER SYSTEM

ZOE provides a water sprinkler piping system, inside the battery container there are 8 sprinkler nozzles, which evenly distribute to the 2 side of the battery container.

The Client should provide the external water source and external piping system and connect to the reserved water spray inlet port of the battery container.



Figure 5-17: Water Sprinkler Nozzle (for reference only)





Figure 5-18: Water Sprinkler System (for reference only)



6 INSTALLATION

The battery system is a high-voltage energy storage device, which is regarded as dangerous goods. Non-professionals and improper operation and use may cause serious consequences such as electric shock, burning, and explosion. The battery system must be installed and maintained by professional technicians and used in strict accordance with the relevant safety provisions.

Table 6-1: Tools for system installation

6.1 MAIN TOOLS AND COMPONENTS FOR INSTALLATION

NO.	ITEM	PURPOSE	SAMPLE
1	Cutter	Unpacking	
2	Insulated Torque wrench	Use to install power connection	
3	Insulated driver	Use to install power connection	
4	Multi-meter	Voltage measurement	
5	Insulation gloves	Battery power connection	

Tools needed for the system installation are listed below.



6	Insulation shoes	Safety protection	
7	Wrench set	Busbar connection	
8	Drill(Ф16)	Hole the expansion bolts	
9	Expansion bolt(SUS316 stainless steel M16X100)	Connect the foundation to the device L-brackets	
10	Electric hand drill, sleeve assembly and screwdriver assembly	Installation of grounding cable, power cable, rubber tunnel, forklift hole sealing plate	
11	Marking pen	Torque mark	
12	Cable tie	Cable fixation	
13	Goggles	Arc protection	



6.2 PREPARATION FOR INSTALLATION

6.2.1 INSTALLATION ENVIRONMENT REQUIREMENTS

- The installation and use environment must comply with local laws and regulations and relevant international and regional standards for lithium electric products.
- > For areas with frequent natural disasters such as floods, mudslides, earthquakes and typhoons, appropriate preventive measures shall be taken for installation.
- Keep the installation location away from fire and heat sources. Do not place combustible or explosive materials around the device.
- When the device is running, do not block the vent or thermal management system to prevent fire caused by high temperature.
- Do not place the device in an environment with combustible or explosive gas or smoke. Do not perform any operations in such an environment.

IMPORTANT

THE OPERATION AND SERVICE LIFE OF THE ENERGY STORAGE DEPENDS ON THE OPERATING TEMPERATURE. INSTALL THE STORAGE DEVICES AT A TEMPERATURE EQUAL TO OR HIGHER THAN THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE.

THE OPERATING TEMPERATURE OF THE P3440L2H-B SERIES BATTERY CONTAINER RANGES FROM -30 °C TO 50 °C. IF THE CONTAINER IS STORED IN A COLD ENVIRONMENT (SUCH AS 0°C) BEFORE INSTALLATION, IT WILL TAKE SOME TIME TO HEAT UP BEFORE IT CAN BE RECHARGED.

WHEN THE AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS HIGHER THAN 45 ° C OR LOWER THAN 0 ° C, THE BATTERY CHARGING AND DISCHARGING POWER DECREASES.

6.2.2 CHECK BEFORE INSTALLATION

1) Outer packing check

Before opening the outer packaging of the product, please check the outer packing for obvious damage, such as breakage, cracks or other signs of possible internal damage, and check the product model. If there is any abnormal packaging or product type



discrepancy, please contact us as soon as possible.

2) Deliverable check

After unpacking the product, please check the deliverables for completeness and for any obvious external damage. If anything is missing or damaged, please contact us.



3) Installation foundation check

Before product installation, it is necessary to check the prefabricated foundation at the project site and ensure that the foundation is solid and reliable and meets the flatness requirements.

6.2.3 INSTALLATION SPACE

When installing devices, ensure that there are no combustible or explosive materials around, and reserve enough space to ensure heat dissipation and safety isolation. According to the highest ambient temperature of the project site, the installation and maintenance space of container liquid cooling unit is different as follows:

6.2.3.1 HIGHEST AMBIENT TEMPERATURE≥ 45°C







Figure 6-1: Installation space requirements for single container (unit: mm)



Figure 6-2: Installation space requirements for containers (unit: mm)

6.2.3.2 HIGHEST AMBIENT TEMPERATURE < 45°C







Figure 6-3: Installation space requirements for single container (unit: mm)



Figure 6-4: Installation space requirements for containers (unit: mm)

6.2.4 FOUNDATION REFERENCE



Figure 6-5: Foundation Reference Front View (unit: mm)





Figure 6-6: Foundation Reference Left View (unit: mm)



Figure 6-7: Foundation Reference Top View (unit: mm)



6.3 PRODUCT HANDLING

When crane lifting, note the following:

- > Hoisting according to the site conditions, select the appropriate hoist. The load-bearing capacity of the selected crane is $\geq 100t$.
- The lifting equipment is equipped with 4 wire ropes, each length \geq 6.5m, bearing capacity \geq 15t and four clasp rings, each bearing capacity \geq 17t.
- \blacktriangleright Lifting Angle $\ge 60^{\circ}$. Before lifting, ensure that there are no obstacles around.
- During crane operation, no personnel shall stay or pass under the boom and equipment.
- In case of strong breeze or wind of higher force on Beaufort Wind Scale, heavy rain, heavy snow, heavy fog, the lifting operation should be suspended.
- ➤ The lifting or landing should be at a constant speed. Ensure that the acceleration is less than or equal to 0.1g.
- During the lifting operation, stop the operation immediately if abnormal noises, deformation, or welding cracking occur.







Figure 6-8: Crane lifting



Figure 6-9: Center of gravity (for reference only)

6.4 INSTALLATION STEPS

6.4.1 DEVICE FIXATION

Before hoisting equipment, use a gradienter to measure the levelness of the foundation and ensure that the levelness of the foundation is less than 5mm. If the levelness is greater than 5mm, make necessary adjustment. After the foundation level is adjusted, place the container in the correct position, and then install and secure it. The steps are as follows:

- STEP 1: After the container lands, use a gradienter to measure the levelness of the four corner fittings. The levelness must be less than 5mm. If the levelness is greater than 5mm, use stainless steel gaskets for leveling. After leveling, open and close all the container doors to ensure that they can be opened and closed smoothly. If the door cannot be opened and closed smoothly, adjust the container again to ensure that all doors can be closed and closed properly.
- STEP 2: Determine the positions of expansion bolt holes and drill holes to bury M16X100 expansion bolts. Fix the L-brackets on the foundation, a single container requires



6 L-brackets. Tighten the L-brackets to the container with M16X50, A4-70 bolt assembly.



Figure 6-10: Install L-brackets

6.4.2 DEVICE GROUNDING

Both the front and rear of the device have 2 grounding points. Select one grounding point based on site requirements. Each grounding point has 4 tightening points in total which are distributed in two rows and two columns. You can flexibly arrange ground cables horizontally or vertically according to the actual situation. The steps are as follows:

STEP 1: Make ground cable: CL250-12-2D double-hole copper nose is recommended. It is recommended to crimp ground cables or ground flat steel with a cross-sectional area of no less than 250mm². Tighten the grounding cable with M10X30, A4-70 bolt assembly.





Vertical connection



Horizontal connection Figure 6-11: Install grounding cables.

6.4.3 WATER FIRE SUPPRESSION PIPE CONNECTION

There is a 2.5"NPSH external thread water fire suppression pipe coupling near the right end of BCP and 1300mm away from the bottom corner fitting. You can determine whether to install a fire hose in advance according to the actual situation.





Figure 6-12: Water fire suppression pipe coupling



7 ELECTRICAL CONNECTION

7.1 PREPARATION FOR INSTALLATION

Tools for electrical connections are listed in the table below.





Table 7-1: Tools for electrical connection

NO.	ITEM	PURPOSE	SAMPLE
1	Cutter	Unpacking	
2	Insulated Torque wrench	Use to install power connection	
3	Insulated driver	Use to install power connection	
4	Multi-meter	Voltage measurement	





7.2 SYSTEM ELECTRICAL CONNECTION



DANGER

IN THE EVENT OF A GROUND FAULT, COMPONENTS CONSIDERED VOLTAGE-FREE IN THE ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM MAY CARRY LETHAL HIGH VOLTAGE WHICH IS POTENTIALLY LETHAL. THE DANGER OF ACCIDENTAL TOUCH EXISTS. BEFORE DOING ANY OPERATION, MAKE SURE THAT THE GROUNDING SYSTEM IS NOT FAULTY AND TAKE ADEQUATE PRECAUTIONS.



CAUTION

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS ARE MADE ONLY BY PROFESSIONAL ELECTRICIANS AND QUALIFIED PERSONNEL. STRICTLY FOLLOW THE EQUIPMENT INTERNAL WIRING IDENTIFICATION FOR CABLE CONNECTION.



WARNING

ENSURE THAT ALL DC AND AC SWITCHES IN THE PCS ARE DISCONNECTED BEFORE STARTING ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS.



CAUTION

THE VOLTAGE RATING OF THE SELECTED CABLE SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN THE PCS THREE-PHASE INSTANTANEOUS ALTERNATING VOLTAGE. THE VOLTAGE LEVEL OF THE DC CABLE SHOULD NOT BE LOWER THAN THE MAXIMUM DC VOLTAGE OF A LITHIUM BATTERY.





WARNING

WHEN CONDUCTING ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS, CHECK THAT ALL CABLES ARE INSULATED AND INTACT. PARTIALLY EXPOSED OR OTHER DAMAGED CABLES OR INSULATED CABLES MAY POSE A SERIOUS SAFETY RISK AND SHOULD BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY.



CAUTION

FAILURE OF EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEMS RESULTING FROM A VIOLATION OF THE INSTALLATION AND DESIGN REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIED IN THIS MANUAL WILL RENDER THE QUALITY ASSURANCE INEFFECTIVE.

7.2.1 AUXILIARY POWER CONNECTION INTERFACE

As shown in the following figure, connect the A, B, and C terminals according to the marks on the copper bars. Cables with a diameter larger than 3*2AWG and CL38-10-2D doublehole copper nose are recommended.



Figure 7-1: BCP auxiliary power supply copper bar

7.2.2 RESERVED PCS DRY CONTACT INTERFACE

As shown in the following figure, XT5-18, XT5-19, and XT5-20 are reserved as PCS normally closed and normally open dry contact interface (stop signals). Connect them according to the actual conditions of PCS. 1.0mm² cables and ET1.0-12 terminals are recommended.





Figure 7-2: PCS reserved dry contact for emergency stop.

7.2.3 PCS POWER CABLE INTERFACE

As shown in the following figure, connect PCS1+, PCS1-, PCS2+, and PCS2- respectively. You are advised to use single-stage cables with a diameter larger than 5*4/0AWG. PCS connection points are M12 double-row through holes.



Figure 7-3: The BCP copper bars to PCS





Figure 7-4: BCP wiring

7.3 DC SWITCHGEAR AND PACK DESCRIPTION







No.	Item	Function	Description
1		Grounding point	Grounding
2	POWER	Power indicator	Battery Rack power indicator
3	WARN	Fault indicator	Battery Rack fault indicator
4	QS	Break Switch	To connect and cut off the main circuit in
5	BCU COM	BCU communication	Debugging only
6	PWR IN	Aux power in	BMS 220Vac Aux power in
7	RACK COMM 2	Rack communication	Connect to the next COMM1
8	RACK COMM 1	Rack communication	Connect to the next COMM2
9	В-	Battery Negative	Connect to the highest module -
10	B+	Battery Positive	Connect to the highest module +
11	FAN	DC switchgear cooling fan	DC switchgear cooling fan
12	MODULE COMM	Module communication	BCU & BMU communication
13	QF	power switch	Power control of PWR IN
14	P-	PCS Negative	Connect to DC bus -
15	P+	PCS Positive	Connect to DC bus +



Figure 7-6: PACK interface



Table 7-3: Interface Connectors of PACK

No.	ltem	Function	Description			
1	+	Battery Positive	Battery Positive			
2	-	Battery Negative	Battery Negative			
3	MSD	Manual maintenance switch	MSD manual maintenance switch			
4	JX6	BMU communication power supply	Including 24V power supply, CAN communication			
5	BMU	BMU	Battery voltage and temperature collection, data reporting			
6	Water inlet	PACK water inlet	/			
7	Water outlet	PACK water outlet	/			



8 COMMISSIONING

After checking all wiring points, make sure the wire harness is not missing or loose. All personnel are forbidden to touch any original device and metal part before power-on operation. Keep a safe distance from the container.

When powering on the device for the first time, professionals must set the parameters correctly. Incorrect Settings may affect the normal operation of the device.

8.1 PRE-COMMISSIONING OF BCP

To ensure the long-term reliable and safe operation of your energy storage system, please read and follow the instructions carefully.

[Note] ZOE is not responsible for battery damage and other losses aused by using it not per the specified requirements or using it beyond the specified range. Put into use chapter.

8.1.1 CABLE CONNECTION CONFIRMATION

After checking all wiring points, ensure that the cables are not missing or loose. Do not touch any original equipment or metal parts before powering on. Keep a safe distance, connection terminals are connected tightly and reliably.

Please check the following items carefully before starting.

NO.	ITEM
1	All electrical connections must be made in accordance with this manual.
2	The container enclosure is grounded and the protective cover inside the device is securely installed.
3	The system stop button is in the normal state.
4	All AC circuit breakers in the BCP are disconnected, that is, in the "OFF" position.
5	The DC switchgear low-voltage power switches of all battery RACKs are in the "ON" position.
6	The DC switchgear disconnecting switches of all battery RACKs are in the "ON" position.
7	All PACK MSDs are inserted and locked properly.

8.1.2 MCB



МССВ	MCB0	MCB1	MCB2	MCB3	MCB4	MCB5	MCB6
Main switch on	SPD1	380V power	Air Cooled Chiller1#	Air Cooled Chiller2#	Socket	UPS	Automatic switchover

MCB7	MCB8	MCB9	MCB10	MCB11	MCB12
AC/DC	BMS power supply	FSS power supply	Exhaust Fan	BCP- HVAC	Spare

8.2 POWER-ON PROCEDURES

8.2.1 POWERING ON THE AUXILIARY POWER SUPPLY



Figure 8-1: Auxiliary connection (for reference only)

Perform the following steps to power on the auxiliary power supply. Keep all the doors closed when the auxiliary power supply and DC battery are not in operation and maintenance mode; otherwise, the auxiliary power supply and DC battery will be forcibly powered off. Use the UPS cold start for the first power-on as shown in figure 8-2 (This change is automatically restored to the normal mode after the GS is powered off).


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нуас						
HVAC1 Normal						
EMS						
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Figure 8-2: GS-web operation and maintenance mode switch

- STEP 1: Press the <ON/Mute> button on the front panel of the UPS to start the fan and display the default UPS status screen. Press and hold the <ON/Mute> button for 3 seconds. The UPS buzzer rings for 1 second. Then the UPS is successfully started.
- STEP 2: Close MCB7, AC/DC power supply, DC24V normal output, GS, switch, BAU and other devices power supply is completed.
- STEP 3: Use a network cable to connect the PC to the GS-web port of the container or the switch in the BCP, access the GS web terminal, and change the GS mode to operation and maintenance mode (exit the operation and maintenance mode after normal operation).
- STEP 4: After the 480V 3P3L power supply is connected normally, close the MCCB 480V power supply switch, and the transformer will work normally, and convert the AC480V to AC380V/AC120V at the same time.
- STEP 5: Close MCB0 AC surge protector switch to ensure that the AC surge protector works properly.
- STEP 6: Close MCB5 UPS main power switch. The UPS power supply is normal, and the UPS mode is switched to the mains electricity mode.
- STEP 7: Close MCB6 UPS bypass switch to automatically switch to the bypass mode through the KM1 contactor when the UPS is abnormal.
- STEP 8: Close MCB8 BMS power switch, and the AC power supply to the BMS is



normal (the power indicator of the DC switchgear is green).

- STEP 9: Open the fire suppression host, connect the 24V backup power, and close MCB9 fire suppression power switch, the fire suppression host power supply is normal.
- STEP 10:Close MCB10 fire suppression fan switch, and the fan power supply is normal.
- STEP 11:Close MCB2, MCB3 and MCB11, and then HVAC1#~HVAC3# will run automatically after power supply.
- STEP 12:Close MCB4 maintenance socket power switch the container maintenance socket power supply is normal.

8.2.2 POWERING ON ANIOFF THE HVDC

After the auxiliary power supply is normally powered, energy storage system information overview (figure 8-3) and the running status of all RACKs (figure 8-4) and HVACs (figure 8-5) can be normally viewed on the GS-web terminal.



Figure 8-3: Energy storage system information overview



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🗇 Deshboard		Rack1		Etter	Rack2	1	Erter	Rack3		Enter	Rack4		Enter
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		DI Nodes						DO Nodes						
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Figure 8-5: HVAC and other auxiliary equipment information

After the GS-web port of the container is connected to the web terminal, the HVDC can be powered on and off, and the powering on of the PCS DC side is completed. After the communication is normal, you can power on and off HVDC of RACK 1# and 2# using the command or the GS-web terminal (as shown in figure 8-6 and figure 8-7). After the contactors of all RACK DC switchgears are closed, the DC side is powered on. Then charge and discharge power of PCS1/2 can be delivered as required.



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Operating	(*)	Charge Ah	0	(Ab	Disharge A	0.	Ah	Charge Ene	0	۰.
BMS		Charge Tim	0	- 10	Discharge T.	0	h	High Voltag	Open	
Alderson		Max Cell Vo	0	mV.	Max Cell Vo	6#11#1800#		Min Cell Vol.	65535	ł.
		Max Cell Te	-50	10	Max Cell Te	6#11#1800#		Min Cell Te	-50.1	÷.
Lenin Pilo	_	Average Vol.	20	189	Average Te	-50	°C	Pos Insulation	65535	i.
History	~**	Max Allow	3800	mV	Min Allow D	2800	πV	Max Allow	1363.2	٢
Setting	14	Max Tempe	0	°C	Max Voltag	0.	mV.	Allow Charge	Allow Charge	
	1000	(1)								

Figure 8-6: BMS real-time running information

	Golden Shield	≡ ⊜ C
۵	Dashboard	home / operating / BMS Information
85	Operating	BMS Running Information
	BMS	BMS1 BMS2
	Aid-device	Refresh
	Comm Info	

Figure 8-7: BMS1, BMS2 switchover

Note1: Do not manually power off the energy storage system during charging and discharging. Otherwise, contactors or isolation switches may be damaged.

Note2: When the charge and discharge terminal or the BMS system fails, the BMS will implement the charge current limiting strategy according to the fault level, and send the current limiting value to the PCS, the PCS will adjust the charge and discharge power in real time.

8.3 POWER-OFF PROCEDURES

8.3.1 POWERING OFF THE AUXILIARY POWER SUPPLY



Figure 8-8: Auxiliary connection (for reference only) STEP 1: Disconnect MCB4, MCB11, MCB3, MCB2, MCB10 in sequence.

STEP 2: Disconnect MCB9, disconnect the 24V backup power.

STEP 3: Disconnect MCB8, MCB6, MCB5, MCB0 in sequence.

STEP 4: Disconnect MCCB, disconnect the 480V 3P3L power supply.

STEP 5: Disconnect MCB7.

STEP 6: Shut the UPS down and stop the fan.



9 OPERATION

9.1 SYSTEM OPERATION

To ensure the long-term safe and reliable operation of your energy storage system,

please read and follow the instructions below:



NOTE OUR COMPANY WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGE CAUSED BY FAILURE TO USE THE BATTERY SYSTEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFIED REQUIREMENTS OR BEYOND THE SPECIFIED RANGE AND OTHER LOSSES ARISING OUT OF SUCH DAMAGE.

9.1.1 TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

- Operating ambient temperature: -30 °C ~50 °C. If stored in a cold environment (e.g. 0 °C) before installation, it will take some time to heat up before it can be recharged.
- Optimum operating ambient temperature: 0 °C ~45 °C. When the ambient temperature is higher than 45 °C or lower than 0 °C, the battery charging and discharging power decreases.
- Safe storage ambient temperature: -30 °C ~60 °C.
- \blacktriangleright Recommended storage environment temperature: 20°C ~ 30°C.

9.1.2 CABLE CONNECTION CONFIRMATION

- Before power on, check the connection cable of the whole system, and make sure that the cable connection is reliable without aging fracture and insulation damage.
- Check whether the positive and negative poles of the DC output power cable in the container are connected correctly.
- Check whether the power connection of the container is correct.
- Check whether all communication wires and cables and sub connections at the connection ends are tight and reliable.

Refer to Section 7.3 for details of DC switchgear.



10 MAINTENANCE

To ensure the safety and the life span of the Battery Energy Storage BESS (BESS), proper maintenance is needed and necessary. ZOE provides the Scheduled Maintenance Program (SMP) for up to 10 years for its BESS products, which will bring you trouble-free revenue generation. Cost adder, terms, and conditions apply for SMP.

10.1 PRECAUTIONS



- Maintain the device when you are familiar with the contents of this manual and have appropriate tools and test devices.
- Before performing maintenance, power off the device, and then wait for the appropriate time according to the instructions on the delayed discharge label. Ensure that the device is powered off.
- > During the maintenance process, avoid irrelevant personnel entering the maintenance site. Temporary warning signs or fences must be erected for isolation.
- ➢ If the device fails, please contact our after-sales service in time.
- Power on the device only after the fault is rectified. Otherwise, the fault may expand or the device may be damaged.
- Do not open the device without authorization, otherwise there will be a risk of electric shock, and the resulting failure is not covered by the warranty.
- Operation and maintenance personnel and technical professional should be fully trained in the safe use and maintenance of the device, and operate with adequate precautions and equipped with personal protective equipment.
- When you need to move or reconnect cables, cut off the power input. After the internal energy is completely out and using a multimeter to ensure that there is no dangerous voltage of the DC bus and the parts inside the machine to be repaired,



the maintenance can be started.

- Battery maintenance should be performed or supervised by a personnel familiar with the battery and its required precautions.
- When replacing a battery, replace it with the same type of battery or battery pack.
- Check immediately after the maintenance operation to ensure that there is no tool or any other part left inside the device.
- If you do not use the device for a long time, store batteries and recharge them according to this manual

10.2 BATTERY OPERATING TERMS AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

10.2.1 TERMS EXPLANATION

TERM	EXPLANATION
Normal operating	Refers to the system that works every day.
Intermittent operating	Refers to a system that does not have a fixed monthly running frequency and cannot guarantee daily work.
Long-time unused	The battery system has not started working for more than 6 months (the battery system needs to be charged to 40% SOC before being suspended).

Table 10-1: Terms Explanation

10.2.2 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Table 10-2: Operating Instructions

TERM	INSTRUCTION
Normal operating system	 Perform battery maintenance on the system every twelve months to prevent battery damage. Refer to 10.4~10.8 for specific maintenance operating methods. Inspect ESS every twelve months and make inspection record.
Intermittent operating system	The operating instructions are the same as those of a normal operating system.
Long-time unused system	 SOC range of battery storage: 30%~50%., avoid long-term storage of batteries below 15% SOC. If the battery is not used for a long time, it is necessary to cut off the power-consuming equipment in time. Perform battery maintenance on the system every three months to prevent battery damage. Refer to <u>Section 10.3</u> for specific maintenance operating methods.
	Before the first usage of a long-time unused system, the battery system must be fully charged at least once to activate the battery system to recover the battery



performance to the best condition.

Tips: If the energy storage system is not used for a long time, it will cause irreversible damage to the battery. Please perform regular maintenance.

10.3 OPERATING METHOD OF BATTERY MAINTENANCE

To ensure the long-term safe and reliable operation of your energy storage system, please read and follow the instructions below.

PLAN	MAINTENANCE PROCESS
Plan 1 This plan is applicable when the SOC of the battery system is low(< 50%)	 Discharge the battery system to the cut off condition(Average cell voltage ≤ 3.1V or the lowest cell voltage ≤ 2.8V), then stop discharging, standing for 1 hour. Fully charging the battery system (The highest cell voltage ≥ 3.6V), after charging, standing for 1 hour. Discharge the battery system to 40% SOC and stop.
Plan 2 This plan is applicable when the SOC of the battery system is high(> 50%)	 Fully charging automatically to the battery system (The highest voltage ≥ 3.6V), after charging, standing for 1 hour. Discharge the battery system to the cut-off condition (Average cell voltage ≤ 3.1V or the lowest voltage ≤ 2.8V), then stop discharging, standing for 1 hour. Charge the battery system to 40% and stop.

Table 10-3: Operating Method of Battery Maintenance

Tips: 1. Check to ensure environmental safety, system safety, no alarm, no-fault before performing battery maintenance operations.

2. Customer can perform the battery maintenance by charging/discharging the container directly without connecting BCP.



10.4 VISUAL INSPECTION

Table 10-4: Visual Inspection

NO.	MAINTENANCE WORK	INTERVAL
	Power Conversion System (PCS) / Energy Storage Inverte	er
1	Check all the labels and nameplates of the PCS enclosure(s).	12 months
2	Check the exterior of the enclosure for any signs of damage, metal fatigue, or vandalism. For signs of metal fatigue or rust, remove rust and coat with a rust protector. Paint over any vandalism.	12 months
3	Inspect all louvers for any signs of damage, metal fatigue, or vandalism. For signs of metal fatigue or rust, remove rust and coat with a rust protector. Paint over any vandalism.	12 months
4	Check door insulation is not damaged and does not stick to the door when opening. Also, verify all doors are sealed tightly when the handle is locked.	12 months
5	Inspect the interior of the PCS enclosure for any signs of damage, metal fatigue, and/or water damage, and/or spots and egress. For signs of metal fatigue or rust, remove rust and coat with a rust protector. Caulk any areas where water egress could or has occurred.	12 months
	Battery Enclosure	
6	Check all the labels and nameplates on the battery enclosure(s).	12 months
7	Inspect the exterior of the enclosure for any signs of damage, metal fatigue, or vandalism. For signs of metal fatigue or rust, remove rust and coat with a rust protector. Paint over any vandalism.	12 months
8	Inspect all louvers for any signs of damage, metal fatigue, or vandalism. For signs of metal fatigue or rust, remove rust and coat with a rust protector. Paint over any vandalism.	12 months
9	Verify door insulation is not damaged and does not stick to the door when opening. Also, verify all doors are sealed tightly when the handle is locked.	12 months
10	Inspect the interior of BESSs for any signs of damage, metal fatigue, and/or water damage, and/or spots and egress. For signs of metal fatigue or rust, remove rust and coat with a rust protector. Caulk any areas where water egress could or has occurred.	12 months
	Batteries(normal or intermittent operation)	
11	Inspect all battery management system(s) ("BMS") and battery switchgear.	12 months
12	Verify connections to BMS and battery switchgear are tight and solidly connected.	12 months
13	Inspect battery modules for any damage, rust, discoloration, condensation, or leakage. Repair or replace as needed.	12 months
14	Inspect battery power cables for any damage, rust,	12 months



	condensation, warping, or leakage. Repair or replace as needed.	
15	Inspect battery communication cables for any damage, rust, discoloration, condensation, warping, or leakage. Repair or replace as needed.	12 months
	Air-Conditioning Unit(s)	
16	Inspect radiators and outer circulation outlet for any dust/sand blocks. Clean any blocks with water or a blower.	6 months
17	Inspect that the air conditioner fan blades are not damaged and that the rotating fan is smooth with no unusual noise.	6 months
18	Inspect the electrical cables and wiring terminals of the air conditioner to check whether they are loose	6 months
19	Inspect the condenser to ensure that it is not blocked by foreign bodies and the fins are not seriously bent or deformed.	6 months
	Fire Suppression System(s)	
20	Inspect smoke detector. Open the cabinet door, turn on the power. if the temperature and smoke indicator flashing every few seconds, the smoke detector is working normally.	12 months
21	Inspect the battery in the fire suppression host, check whether the battery is normally charged, and whether the voltage is within the normal range	12 months
22	Inspect the inlet shutters and exhaust fans, and check whether they can be manually started and stopped	6 months
23	Inspect all pipe and cable connections for leakage, and repair as needed.	6 months

10.5 MECHANICAL INSPECTION

Table 10-5: Mechanical Inspection

NO.	MAINTENANCE WORK	INTERVAL
1	Inspect all anchoring bolts of PCS and battery enclosures that are securely fastened. Use a torque wrench to check any suspicious loosen, fasten, and mark as needed.	12 months
2	Verify the door and hinges of PCS and battery enclosures can move freely without restrictions and don't creak. Apply lubricant as necessary.	12 months
3	Verify locking mechanisms lock freely and properly without restrictions. Apply lubricant as necessary.	12 months
4	Torque check the bolts of AC and DC connections of PCS per ZOE recommended values in the BESS installation manual.	12 months
5	Verify connections to BMS and battery switchgear are tight and solidly connected.	12 months
6	Inspect all bolts or connectors on battery modules for	12 months



	any sign of loosening. Torque check the bolts of all connections per ZOE recommended values in the BESS installation manual.	
7	Check nuts and bolts. Torque bolts, bus joints, and cable terminals per BESS installation manual.	12 months
8	Check and clean/replace air filters. Ensure the air filter is clean and there is no visible damage. Scheduled cleaning of the air filter is necessary to reduce air blockage to maintain adequate ventilation. The Interval of air filter cleaning should be decided based on on-site conditions. More frequent cleaning may be required.	12 months

10.6 ELECTRICAL INSPECTION

Table 10-6: Electrical Inspection

NO.	MAINTENANCE WORK	INTERVAL			
1	Inspect AC/DC capacitor casing for melting or signs of corrosion.	12 months			
2	Inspect the DC disconnect knob for damage and ensure knob/handle functionality.	12 months			
3	Inspect relay(s). If the relay casing is transparent, that exposes internal components. Look for burn marks or signs of premature failure. Otherwise, inspect the relay casing for visible damage.	12 months			
4	Perform a visual inspection of the AC/DC sensors. Compare current reading from HMI against a known measurement (for example, measured by calibrated clamp meter). The current sensor can be calibrated from HMI. However, if the current reading is significantly different from the last calibration, it may indicate a compromised sensor.	12 months			
5	Perform a visual inspection of temperature sensors.	12 months			
6	Perform a visual inspection of the AC/DC filter modules.	12 months			
7	Check surge protectors' condition by confirming the status of surge protector on the main circuit and control circuit.	12 months			
8	Check for open fuse(s). Do so by inspecting the protected circuit, and if any damage is found, remove any fault condition that caused the burning or damage of the fuse initially before replacing the fuse and re-energizing the circuit.	12 months			
9	Inspect wiring harnesses, connectors, and power cables for signs of damage. Inspect field fitted and installed cables for proper sealing. Inspect factory sealed connections. Damaged sealing may indicate unauthorized field modification. Perform a thermal scan on power cables and look for hot spots that indicate high resistance.				
10	Inspect circuit boards, by checking ribbon cables and wire connectors are seated properly. Check for any sign of overheating.	12 months			
11	Inspect fan operation, check all signs of wear and tear, and abnormal noise; ensure that fan works properly as per control signals.	12 months			
12	Measure insulation resistance between battery (+) to ground and battery (-) to ground at the applied voltage for	12 months			



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10.7 CONTROL INSPECTION

Table 10-7: Control Inspection

NO.	MAINTENANCE WORK	INTERVAL
1	Verify firmware version and update as required per ZOE's specifications.	12 months
2	Review all alarm, event, and fault logs as recorded on the HMI of PCS.	12 months
3	Review all alarm, event, and fault logs as recorded on the HMI of the FSS controller.	12 months
4	Check all communication features function properly.	12 months

10.8 SAFETY INSPECTION

Table 10-8: Safety Inspection

NO.	MAINTENANCE WORK	INTERVAL
1	Check all warning signs are clear and legible.	12 months
2	Check the emergency stop button's function.	12 months
3	Check all safety ground connections.	12 months
4	Check the functionality of the Fire Suppression System(s).	12 months



11 COMMON FAULTS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

The common faults and troubleshooting are as follows.

Table 11-1: Common faults and troubleshooting

NO.	Fault category	Fault description	Handing method
1	Air conditioner communication lost	The WEB interface displays a communication failure.	Air conditioners in the BCP cabinet: check whether the 485- communication cable of the air conditioner is loose, and then check whether the communication cable is properly connected. (Connect the 485-communication cable A and B to the COMM1-A/B port on the Golden Shield controller and connect the shielded layer to the COMM1-G port.) Then check whether the IP addresses of air conditioners on the air conditioner panel are all 1.
			Liquid cooling unit 1/2: Check whether the 485-communication cable of liquid cooling unit 1/2 is loose, and then check whether the communication cable is correctly connected to BMS XT5-11 to XT5-16 (The addresses of liquid cooling units are divided into 1,2 by pile)
2	Access control failure	After closing all the door, the WEB interface still shows that the cabinet door is open.	Check whether the limit switch on the cabinet door is fully closed, manually turn off the limit switch, and check whether there is a normally closed feedback signal connected to the GS local controller (GS-DI-4).
3	BMS communication failure	BMS data loss	 Check whether a 120Ω terminal resistor is inserted into the COMM2 port on container RACK2-1. Check whether the communication cables between the BCP and RACK1-1 COMM1 are properly connected. Then check whether the communication cables directly from RACK COMM2 to the next RACK COMM1 are properly connected.
4	Air conditioner failure	Air conditioner power supply burned out due to overvoltage.	This problem occurs when the N wire in the system is in poor contact. As a result, the phase voltage increases by 1.732 times, resulting in overvoltage. Therefore, you need to check whether



			the N wire is reliably connected before powering on the air conditioner.
		Air conditioner power supply is normal but burns out after power on.	The internal communication board of the air conditioner is burned out, which is a quality problem of the air conditioner.
5	Fire failure	The fire controller indicates that the main power supply is faulty.	 Check whether the fire power supply switch MCB9 is properly closed. Check whether AC power supply cables of the fire extinguishing host are reliably connected.
		The fire controller indicates that the ZONE circuit is faulty	Check the temperature and smoke sensing circuits based on the fire extinguishing wiring diagram, and check whether the corresponding 470Ω and 6.8K resistors are correctly connected.
6	DC switchgear failure The WARNII indicator is	The power indicator is not on.	 Check whether the power circuit breaker MCB8 of the DC switchgear is closed properly Check whether the POW IN port on the DC switchgear is inserted properly Check whether the QF switch on the front panel of the DC switchgear is properly closed Contact ZOE after-sales service service@zoeess.com
		The WARNING indicator is not on	 Use the GS web terminal to check the battery status Check what fault alarms exist for the current RACK



12 AFTER-SALES SERVICE

Shanghai ZOE Energy Storage Technology Co., Ltd. provides customers with a full range of technical support and after-sales service. Users can gain services by dialing our service number.

Please refer to the contract for the free warranty service information.

The following circumstances are not within the scope of our free warranty service:

- System damage or failure caused by not following the user manual.
- Damage or failure caused by not following the relevant electrical safety specifications for wiring and power supply or caused by poor site environment.
- System damage or failure caused by users' private modification.
- System damage or failure is caused by irresistible natural factors, such as typhoons, earthquakes, floods, fire, or harsh environments (high temperature, low temperature, high humidity, acid rain, etc.).
- After the failure occurs, the user fails to maintain the initial failure state, fails to timely notify the manufacturer, and handles without authorization, thus causing it to be unable to make a practical fault identification of the failure.



13 CONTACT

If you have technical issues with our products, please contact us. The following data is required to provide you with the necessary assistance:

Product model number



- > Fault information
- > A detailed description of the problem

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